

**Table 4-4: Critical Life Stage Toxicity Test Species and Protocols<sup>a</sup>**

Species	Biological Effects Evaluated	California Resident	Lab v. Wild Stock
<b>FRESHWATER</b>			
Ceriodaphnia sp. (crustacean)	survival, reproduction	N	Lab
Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)	survival, growth	Y	Lab
Selenastrum capricornutum (unicellular algae)	cell division rate	N	Lab
<b>MARINE</b>			
Mysidopsis bahia (crustacean)	survival, growth, fecundity	N	Lab
<b>Molluscs</b>			
Mytilus edulis (mussel)	embryo development, survival	Y	Wild or Field-cultured
Crassostrea gigas (oyster)			
Halotis rufescens (abalone)			
<b>Echinoderms</b>			
Strongylocentrotus purpuratus, S. franciscanus (urchin <del>s</del> )	fertilization success	Y	Wild
Dendraster excentricus (sand dollar)			
<b>Diatom Plants</b>			
Skeletonema costatum	cell division rate	Y	Lab
Thalassiosira pseudonana			
Macrocystis pyrifera (giant kelp)	percent germination, germ	Y	Wild
Champia parvula (red algae)	number of cystocarps	N	Lab
<b>MARINE/BRACKISH</b>			
Menidia beryline	Survival, larval growth	Y	Lab

<sup>a</sup> All technical references and discussion are contained in "modified Guidelines: Effluent Toxicity Characterization Program," San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board, September 1991.