CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND Sacramento, California

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS and SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS

June 30, 2024 and 2023



Table of Contents

	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	V
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statements of Net Position	2 3
SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS	21
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	24
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	29



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors California State Water Resources Control Board Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund Sacramento, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund (Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund), an enterprise fund of the State of California, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities of the California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the changes in financial position, and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the California State Water Resources Control Board and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 – Definition of Reporting Entity, the basic financial statements of the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund are intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position and cash flows of only that portion of the financial reporting entity of the California State Water Resources Control Board that is attributable to the transactions in the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the California State Water Resources Control Board or the State of California as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the changes in their financial position and their cash flows, where applicable, for the years then ended, in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2024, on our consideration of the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Bellevue, Washington December 20, 2024

California State Water Resources Control Board Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund State Revolving Fund Program

Management's Discussion & Analysis

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis is a required supplement to the California State Water Resources Control Board's (State Water Board), Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund (Clean Water State Revolving Fund program) (CWSRF) financial statements. It describes and analyzes the financial position of the CWSRF providing an overview of the CWSRF's activities for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with information that is in the financial statements and notes which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- Net position increased by \$511.9 million to a total of \$5.15 billion in 2024, which
 was \$443.8 million more than the increase of \$68.1 million in 2023. The larger
 increase in net position is a direct result of higher capital contributions during the
 year from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).
- Capital contributions increased by \$460.9 million to \$522.7 million in 2024 as compared to \$61.8 million in 2023. The increase in capital contributions was mostly a result of capital available from EPA capitalization grants for loan disbursements. Capital contributions from EPA capitalization grant funds that were forgiven increased by \$23.3 million to \$47.1 million as compared to \$23.8 million in 2023.
- Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$95.9 million in 2024 as compared to the increase of \$183.6 million in 2023. The increase in 2024 was mostly the result of higher capital contributions and the issuance of additional revenue bonds.
- Loans receivable increased by \$595.7 million to \$5.92 billion in 2024 as compared
 to the increase of \$367.7 million in 2023. The larger increase in 2024 mostly
 reflects the increase in capital contributions and revenue bonds for loan
 disbursements.
- On March 13, 2024, the CWSRF issued California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank, Clean Water State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds, Series 2024 for \$272.9 million at a premium of \$28.6 million. The Series 2024 Revenue Bonds were issued for the purpose of making financial assistance available to recipients for eligible projects.
- Restricted portion of net position is \$3.62 billion in 2024 as compared to \$3.6 billion in 2023. The smaller increase in 2024 is mostly the result of the issuance of the Series 2024 Revenue Bonds.

Using this Annual Financial Report

The financial statements included in this annual financial report are those of the CWSRF. As discussed in Note 1, Definition of Reporting Entity, the basic financial statements of the CWSRF are intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position, and cash flows of only that portion of the financial reporting entity of the State Water Board that is attributable to the transactions of the CWSRF. They do not purport to present the financial position of the State Water Board or the State of California (State) as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 and the change in their financial positions and their cash flows for the years then ended.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is an introduction to the CWSRF financial statements and accompanying notes to financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information.

The financial statements of the CWSRF are presented as a special purpose government engaged only in business type activities - providing loans to other governmental entities. The statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the CWSRF's financial position, which assists the reader in assessing the CWSRF's economic condition at the end of the fiscal year. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The financial statements include the following three statements:

- The Statements of Net Position present information on all of the CWSRF's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are expected to serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the CWSRF is improving or deteriorating.
- The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position present information which reflects how the CWSRF's net position changed during the past year. All changes in the net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.
- The *Statements of Cash Flows* report the CWSRF's cash flows from operating activities, noncapital financing activities, and investing activities.

The *Notes to Financial Statements* provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. These notes can be found immediately following the financial statements.

Net Position

In 2024, the CWSRF's net position continued to strengthen increasing by \$511.9 million, or 11%, to \$5.15 billion at June 30, 2024 as compared to an increase of \$68.1 million, or 1.5%, the previous year. The increase in net position was \$443.8 million higher than in the previous year, mostly reflecting the higher level of capital contributions from EPA capitalization grants.

A segment of the CWSRF's net position is subject to external restriction due to the debt service requirements for outstanding Revenue Bonds. Total restricted net position is comprised of restricted loans receivable, Revenue Bond liabilities, and repayments received. Restricted net position was \$3.62 billion in 2024, which was an increase of \$20 million or 0.6% when compared to 2023. Restricted net position was \$3.6 billion in 2023, which was an increase of \$502.1 million or 16.2% when compared to 2023. The smaller increase in 2024 was primarily due to the new Series 2024 revenue bond liabilities. The increase in 2023 was primarily due to pledging additional loans.

The restricted portion of outstanding loans receivable, which was pledged as security for Revenue Bond debt service, was \$5.033 billion in 2024 and \$4.723 billion in 2023. The principal and interest received during the fiscal year from these loans is used to make the semi-annual debt service payments on the revenue bonds.

Current liabilities were \$138.5 million in 2024 and \$133 million in 2023. Current liabilities primarily correspond to principal payments for outstanding Revenue Bonds. Noncurrent liabilities were \$1.678 billion in 2024, which was an increase of \$184.2 million when compared to 2023. Noncurrent liabilities were \$1.494 billion in 2023, which was an increase of \$486.6 million when compared to 2022. The increase in 2024 and 2023 was the result of the issuance of new Revenue Bonds.

The remaining restricted net position of \$399.4 million in 2024 and \$500.1 million in 2023 represent pledged loan repayments, which are restricted for future loan disbursements and/or debt service payments. Any excess of principal and interest received over the required debt service may be used for future loan disbursements and/or released from restriction in the event that certain criteria are met.

Total payments received in 2024 on pledged loans was \$235.7 million (\$199.6 million of principal and \$36.1 million of interest) of which the debt service payment was \$160.8 million (\$94.3 million of principal and \$66.5 million of interest). Total payments received in 2023 on pledged loans was \$219.5 million (\$189.8 million of principal and \$29.7 million of interest) of which the debt service payments were \$144.0 million (\$92.8 million of principal and \$51.2 million of interest).

Table 1

Ne	t Position
(in	thousands)

(iii tiiousailus)	June 30,					
	2024	2023	2022			
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,005,708	\$ 909,802	\$ 726,200			
Loans receivable	5,917,799	5,322,055	4,954,308			
All other assets	41,027	31,346	18,140			
Total assets	6,964,534	6,263,203	5,698,648			
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities	138,501	133,203	123,342			
Noncurrent liabilities	1,677,918	1,493,758	1,007,169			
Total liabilities	1,816,419	1,626,961	1,130,511			
NET POSITION						
Restricted						
Debt service	399,410	500,118	373,249			
Security for revenue bonds	3,218,553	3,097,871	2,722,590			
Subtotal restricted assets	3,617,963	3,597,989	3,095,839			
Unrestricted	1,530,152	1,038,253	1,472,298			
Total net position	\$ 5,148,115	\$ 4,636,242	\$ 4,568,137			

Changes in Net Position

Program revenue was \$60.2 million in 2024, which was an increase of \$6.8 million or 12.7% when compared to 2023. In 2024, \$53.2 million of program revenue was restricted for debt service. Program revenue was \$53.4 million in 2023, which was a decrease of \$5.9 million or 9.9% when compared to 2022. In 2023, \$47.3 million of program revenue was restricted for debt service. The increase in 2024 and the decrease in 2023 mostly reflects the interest earned on outstanding receivables.

General revenues were \$35.4 million in 2024, which was an increase of \$17.3 million or 95.8%, when compared to 2023. General revenues were \$18.1 million in 2023, which was an increase of \$15.7 million or 656.1% when compared to 2022. The increase in 2024 and 2023 mostly reflects higher earnings as a result of more cash on deposit and higher interest rates earned on those deposits.

Total expenses were \$106.4 million in 2024, which was an increase of \$41.2 million when compared to 2023. Total expenses were \$65.2 million in 2023, which was an increase of \$6.8 million when compared to 2022. The increase in 2024 was primarily due to an increase in principal forgiveness, revenue bond and administrative expenses. The increase in 2023 was primarily due to an increase in revenue bond and administrative expenses.

Administrative expenses were \$9.6 million in 2024, which was an increase of \$7.0 million or 270.7%, when compared to 2023. Administrative expenses were \$2.6 million in 2023, which was an increase of \$2.0 million or 311.9%, when compared to 2022. The increases in 2024 and 2023, were mostly the result of using the six percent allowance from EPA capitalization grants for administrative expenses again.

Total capital contributions were \$522.7 million in 2024, which was an increase of \$460.9 million or 746.2%, when compared to 2023. Total capital contributions were \$61.8 million in 2023, which was a decrease of \$102.3 million or 62.4%, when compared to 2022.

EPA capitalization grant contributions were \$319.0 million in 2024, which was an increase of \$299.7 million when compared to 2023. EPA capitalization grant contributions were \$19.4 million in 2023, which was a decrease of \$117.5 million when compared to 2022. EPA capitalization grant contributions will fluctuate yearly depending on the available balances for loan disbursements.

EPA capitalization grant contributions for principal forgiveness loans were \$47.1 million in 2024, which was an increase of \$23.4 million when compared to 2023. EPA capitalization grant contributions for principal forgiveness loans were \$23.8 million in 2023, which was a decrease of \$3.4 million when compared to 2022. EPA capitalization grant contributions for principal forgiveness will fluctuate yearly depending on the available balances for principal forgiveness loans. The loans made with these funds were forgiven as disbursed and must be repaid if certain loan conditions are not met.

Table 2
Changes in Not Position

Changes in Net Position						
(in thousands)						
	Year Ended June 30,					
		2024		2023	2022	
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Loan interest income	\$	60,200	\$	53,435	\$	59,307
General revenues:						
Investment income		35,401		18,079		2,391
Total revenues		95,601		71,514		61,698
Expenses						
Program expenses:						
Administrative expenses		9,620		2,595		630
Capitalization Principal Forgiveness expense		47,142		23,769		27,171
Revenue bond interest expense		48,121		36,325		30,536
Revenue bond issuance costs		1,496		2,485		-
Total expenses		106,379		65,174		58,337
Increase in net position before						
contributions		(10,778)		6,340		3,361
Capital contributions:						
EPA capitalization grant		319,017		19,357		136,871
EPA capitalization grant Principal Forgiveness		47,142		23,769		27,171
State and other contributions		156,492		18,639		85
Subtotal capital contributions		522,651		61,765		164,127
Change in net position		511,873		68,105		167,488
Net position - beginning of year		4,636,242		4,568,137		4,400,649
Net position - end of year	\$	5,148,115	\$	4,636,242	\$	4,568,137

Budgetary Information

Under the California constitution, money may only be drawn from the treasury by a legal appropriation. The State Legislature authorized the CWSRF to operate under a continuous appropriation. Continuous appropriation authority means that no further appropriations are necessary to expend all funds deposited into the CWSRF. This has the effect of allowing funds to be expended as soon as they are deposited into the CWSRF rather than waiting for appropriation authority. Since the funds in the CWSRF can only be used for limited purposes, the continuous appropriation authority allows for expeditious expenditure of funds and maximizes the benefits to local entities.

Debt Administration

The State Water Board administers a leveraged CWSRF program. The State Water Board maintains high bond ratings from Fitch (AAA), Moody's Investors Service (Aaa), and Standard and Poor's Ratings Services (AAA) on the CWSRF Series 2016, 2017, 2018 and 2023 Revenue Bonds. The Series 2016, 2017, 2018, 2023 and 2024 Revenue Bonds were issued for the purpose of making financial assistance available to recipients for eligible projects.

As of June 30, 2024, outstanding bonds totaled \$1.795 billion, an increase of \$186.7 million, when compared to \$1.608 billion in 2023 as shown in Table 3. The increase in 2024 was primarily due to the issuance of the Series 2024 Revenue Bonds. The increase in 2023 was primarily due to the issuance of the Series 2023 Revenue Bonds. The revenue bonds are backed by a pledge of specific revenue for which the annual collections are generally predictable.

Additional information on the CWSRF long-term debt can be found in Note 5, Long-Term Debt.

Table 3		
Outstanding	l ong-term	Debt

	June 30,	
2024	2023	2022
1,624,805	\$ 1,446,105	\$ 993,605
169,949	161,957	124,537
1,794,754	\$ 1,608,062	\$ 1,118,142
		5 1,624,805 \$ 1,446,105 169,949 161,957

Economic Conditions and Outlook

In 2024, the State Water Board made \$269 million in new loan commitments, which was a decrease of 62% when compared to \$706 million in 2023. The lower level of financing activity in 2024 generally reflects individual project timing variability and does not reflect a decreased demand for CWSRF financing. Demand for CWSRF financing remains high and reflects the need in California for additional infrastructure improvements and the generally positive capacity of wastewater agencies to finance those improvements. A strong demand for CWSRF financing continues to be anticipated in the near term.

Capitalization grant funds from EPA continue to be an important component of cash flows for financing activities. For grant year 2024, the EPA allocated \$59 million to the CWSRF which is an increase of 11.3% when compared to the 2023 grant allocation of \$53 million. This reduction was largely the result of Congressionally directed spending on related projects that reduced the available grant funding for the state CWSRF programs. In addition to the 2024 base grant, EPA has allocated \$163 million under the "Bipartisan Infrastructure Law" (BIL) which was an increase of 9.4% when compared to the 2023 grant allocation of \$149 million. Presently available information indicates that the 2025 base grant may be similar or lower than the 2024 base grant, however the additional 2025 BIL grant is projected to be slightly higher than the 2024 BIL grant. The additional BIL capitalization will help California address the high demand for affordable wastewater infrastructure financing.

Additionally, the CWSRF continues to maintain a large loan portfolio that generates significant program revenues for financing activity and administrative expenses. CWSRF program staff and its financial advisors continuously monitor the demand for new loans and market conditions to determine their likely effects on the CWSRF and to be prepared to sell a revenue bond if needed to meet required cash flows and to ensure sufficient encumbrances and disbursement rates to promptly liquidate federal funds.

Economic conditions generally remained stable during 2024, although project costs and related CWSRF financings have been noticeably increasing due to inflationary market conditions. The CWSRF, however, continues to monitor the impacts associated with supply chain disruptions and price increases on local entities' revenues and to diligently work with and surveil loan recipients to ensure full and timely repayment of all loans.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide interested parties with a general overview of the CWSRF finances. Questions concerning the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Ms. Heather Bell, Accounting Administrator III, Accounting Branch, Division of Administrative Services, P.O. Box 100, Sacramento, California 95812 or Heather.Bell@waterboards.ca.gov.



CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2024 and 2023

(in thousands)

	2024		2023	
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	355,571	\$	159,083
Cash and cash equivalents - Restricted		650,137		750,719
Receivables:				
Loan interest		27,205		19,492
Investment interest		11,556		7,008
Due from other funds and other governments		2,266		4,846
Loans receivable:				
Current portion		20,520		20,141
Current portion - Restricted		218,133		190,373
Total current assets		1,285,388		1,151,662
OTHER ASSETS				
Loans receivable:				
Noncurrent (net of allowance for bad debt)		864,573		578,758
Noncurrent - Restricted		4,814,573		4,532,783
Total other assets		5,679,146		5,111,541
TOTAL ASSETS		6,964,534		6,263,203
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Revenue bond interest payable		19,398		17,222
Unearned revenue		19,390		17,222
Due to other funds and other governments		2,266		1,673
Revenue bonds cost of issuance payable		2,200		1,073
Revenue bonds payable		116,836		114,304
Total current liabilities	-	138,501		133,203
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		100,001		100,200
Revenue bonds payable		1,677,918		1,493,758
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,677,918		1,493,758
Total liabilities		1,816,419		1,626,961
rotal nasmaos		1,010,110		.,020,001
NET POSITION				
Restricted for:				
Debt service		399,410		500,118
Security for revenue bonds		3,218,553		3,097,871
Unrestricted		1,530,152		1,038,253
Total net position	\$	5,148,115	\$	4,636,242

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

(in thousands)

	2024			2023
OPERATING REVENUE				
Loan interest income	\$	60,200	\$	53,435
Total operating revenue	Ψ	60,200	Ψ	53,435
rotal operating revenue		00,200		30,400
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Capitalization Principal forgiveness		47,142		23,769
Personnel services		6,150		1,178
Other expenses		2,964		1,087
Total operating expenses		56,256		26,034
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS		3,944		27,401
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)				
Net investment income		35,401		18,079
Revenue bond interest expense		(48,121)		(36,325)
Revenue bond fees		(506)		(330)
Revenue bond issuance costs		(1,496)		(2,485)
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)		(14,722)		(21,061)
INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS		(10,778)		6,340
CONTRIBUTIONS				
EPA capitalization grant		319,017		19,357
EPA capitalization grant - Principal Forgiveness		47,142		23,769
State match revenue		156,492		18,639
Total contributions		522,651		61,765
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		511,873		68,105
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,636,242		4,568,137
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 5	5,148,115	\$	4,636,242

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

(in thousands)

		2024		2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash paid to employees and vendors	\$	(8,521)	\$	(592)
Cash flows provided (required) by operating activities		(8,521)		(592)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Funds received from EPA capitalization grant		368,734		38,296
Funds received from the State of California		156,497		18,637
Proceeds from revenue bond issuance		301,544		602,511
Revenue bond issuance costs paid		(1,495)		(2,485)
Revenue bond fees paid		(506)		(330)
Principal paid on revenue bonds		(94,250)		(92,820)
Interest paid on revenue bonds		(66,547)		(51,238)
Cash flows provided (required) by noncapital financing activities		663,977		512,571
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from interest on loans		40,290		34,174
Loans disbursed		(804,313)		(563,071)
Principal Forgiveness Disbursed		(47,142)		(23,769)
Principal received on loans receivable		220,760		211,995
Net investment income received		30,855		12,294
Net cash provided (required) by investing activities		(559,550)	_	(328,377)
Net cash provided (required) by investing activities		(339,330)		(320,377)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		95,906		183,602
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		909,802		726,200
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	1,005,708	\$	909,802
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash required				
by operating activities				
Income from operations	\$	3,944	\$	27,401
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash				
required by operating activities				
Construction period interest		(12,192)		(16,671)
Cash received from interest on loans		(40,290)		(34,174)
Loans disbursed		804,313		563,071
Principal Forgiveness Disbursed		47,142		23,769
Principal received on loans receivable		(220,760)		(211,995)
Effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities:		(223,133)	,	(= 1 1,000)
Loans receivable		(583,557)		(351,077)
Loan interest receivable		(7,714)	,	(2,589)
Due to other funds		593		1,673
Net cash provided (required) by operating activities	\$	(8,521)	\$	(592)
F (- 1-11-2-) -)	<u> </u>	(-,)	<u> </u>	(332)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

June 30, 2024 and 2023 (Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 1 - DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

The California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund (Fund) was established pursuant to Title VI of the Federal Clean Water Act of 1987 (Act). The Act established the State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) program to replace the construction grants program (Title II of the Act) to provide loans at reduced interest rates to finance the construction of publicly owned water pollution control facilities, non-point source pollution control projects, and estuary management plans. Instead of making grants to communities that pay for a portion of building wastewater treatment facilities, the CWSRF provides for low interest loans and/or subsidies in the form of principal forgiveness loans to finance the entire cost of qualifying projects. The CWSRF provides a flexible financing source that can be used for a variety of pollution control projects, including non-point source pollution control projects, and developing estuary conservation and management plans. Loans made must be repaid within 30 years or less. All repayments, including interest and principal, must remain in the Fund.

Since 1989, the Fund has been capitalized by a series of grants from the U.S Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). States are required to provide matching funds between 0 and 20 percent of the Federal capitalization grant amount in order to receive the grants from the EPA.

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the EPA has awarded cumulative capitalization grant funding of \$3,459,486 and \$3,405,837, respectively to the State of California (State), for which the State is required to provide \$691,897 and \$681,167, respectively, of cumulative matching funding at 20 percent to the Fund. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the EPA awarded the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL) grant funding of \$276,365 and \$127,290, for which the State is required to provide \$27,637 and \$12,729, respectively, of cumulative matching funding at 10 percent to the Fund. In February 2009, the EPA awarded \$280,285 in ARRA grant funding for which there is no State Match requirement.

The Fund is administered by the California State Water Resources Control Board (Board), a part of the California Environmental Protection Agency, through the Division of Financial Assistance (Program). The Board's primary responsibilities with the CWSRF include obtaining capitalization grants from the EPA, soliciting potential applicants, negotiating loan agreements with local communities, reviewing and approving disbursement requests from loan recipients, managing the loan repayments, and conducting inspection and engineering reviews to ensure compliance with all applicable laws, regulations, and program requirements. The Board consists of five member positions, which are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate.

The Board administers the CWSRF program by charging the Fund or the Administrative Fund for time spent on CWSRF activities by employees of the Board, and the Fund reimburses the State for such costs in the following month. The charges include the salaries and benefits of the employees, as well as indirect costs allocated to the Fund based on direct salary costs. Employees charging time to the Fund are covered by the benefits available to State employees. The Fund is also charged indirect costs through the cost allocation plan for general State expenses.

June 30, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 1 - DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)

Reporting Entity

The Fund follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The activities of the Fund are included in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report as an enterprise fund using the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Fund conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to a governmental unit accounted for as a proprietary enterprise fund. The enterprise fund is used since the Fund's powers are related to those operated in a manner similar to a for profit business where an increase in net position is an appropriate determination of accountability.

Basis of Accounting

The Fund's records are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred. Assets and liabilities associated with the operations of the Fund are included in the Statements of Net Position

Operating Revenues and Expenses

The Fund distinguishes between operating revenues and expenses and nonoperating items in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from carrying out the purpose of the Fund of providing low interest loans to communities and providing assistance for prevention programs and administration. Operating revenues consist of loan interest repayments from borrowers. Operating expenses include principal forgiveness, direct salary costs and benefits expenses, allocated indirect costs and bad debt allowance. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses or capital contributions.

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, monies received from the EPA and the State are recorded as capital contributions. In certain circumstances, local communities have contributed the State's matching share in exchange for reduced interest rate loans, as discussed in Note 4.

June 30, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Fund's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Budaets

Under the California constitution, money may only be drawn from the Treasury by legal appropriation. The State Legislature authorized the CWSRF to operate under a continuous appropriation. Continuous appropriation authority means that no further appropriations are necessary to expend all funds deposited into the CWSRF. Therefore, the Fund operations are not included in California's annual budget.

Use of Estimates in Preparing Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, gains, losses and other changes during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Nearly all monies of the Fund are deposited with the California State Treasurer's office, which is responsible for maintaining these deposits in accordance with California State law. The Fund considers all such deposits to be cash equivalents. According to State law, the Treasurer is responsible for maintaining the cash balances and investing excess cash of the Fund, as discussed in Note 3. Consequently, management of the Fund does not have any control over the investment of the excess cash. Investment earnings on these deposits are received quarterly. The statement of cash flows considers all funds deposited with the Treasurer to be cash or cash equivalents, regardless of actual maturities of the underlying investments.

Loans Receivable

Loans are funded by capitalization grants from the EPA, State matching funds, short term state matching loans, local contributions, revenue bond proceeds, loan repayments and fund earnings. Loans are advanced to local agencies on a cost reimbursement basis. Interest is calculated from the date that funds are advanced. After the final disbursement has been made, the loan agreement is adjusted for the actual amounts disbursed and interest accrued during the project period (Construction Period Interest). Loans are amortized over periods up to 30 years. Loan repayments must begin within one year of construction completion or one year from the initial loan disbursement, depending upon the type of loan agreement, and are made on an annual and semi-annual basis.

Loans funded by principal forgiveness are advanced to local agencies on a cost reimbursement basis and forgiven as each disbursement occurs. Loan agreements require repayment of the forgiven loan if all program requirements are not met.

June 30, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Allowance for Bad Debts

The allowance for bad debts is established as losses are estimated to have occurred through a provision for bad debts charged to earnings. Loans receivable are charged against the allowance for bad debts when management believes that the uncollectability of the principal is probable. The allowance for bad debts was \$9,356 at June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Due to Other Funds

Due to other funds represents amounts payable to other funds reported within the California State Water Resources Control Board that are not included in these financial statements.

Revenue Bond Issue Costs and Original Issue Premium

In accordance with GASB 65, revenue bond issue costs are expensed when incurred. Revenue bond original issue premium is being amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The California State Treasurer's Office administers a pooled investment program for the State. This program enables the State Treasurer's Office to combine available cash from all funds and to invest cash that exceeds current needs. The necessary disclosures for the State's pooled investment program are included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the State of California.

Nearly all monies of the Fund are deposited with the State Treasurer's Office and are considered to be cash equivalents. The Treasurer is responsible for maintaining the cash balances in accordance with California laws, and excess cash is invested in California's Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is part of the Pooled Money Investment Account. The Treasurer is required to maintain a mix of investment portfolios in order to allow funds to be withdrawn at any time to meet normal operating needs, without prior notice or penalty.

The investments allowed by State statute, bond resolutions and investment policy resolutions restrict investments of the pooled investment program to investments in U.S. Government securities, negotiable certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, corporate bonds, bank notes, mortgage loans and notes, other debt securities, repurchase agreements, reverse repurchase agreements, equity securities, real estate, mutual funds, and other investments. The Fund's proportionate share of the investment income, based on the average daily balance for the period, is credited to the Fund quarterly.

June 30, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

The Treasurer charges all funds of the State an administrative fee, which reduces the interest earned by each fund. All cash and investments are stated at fair value. Details of the investments can be obtained from the State Treasurer's Office.

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Fund's cash deposits had a carrying balance of \$8,122 and \$6 respectively.

Investments held by the State Treasurer are stated at fair value.

Investments	2024	2023		
Treasury/Trust Portfolio	\$ 997,586	\$ 909,796		
Total cash deposits and investments	\$ 1,005,708	\$ 909,802		

The State Treasurer is responsible for investing funds of the Treasury/Trust Portfolio and managing the credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency credit risk of the Portfolio. Refer to the State's Pooled Investments disclosure in the June 30, 2024 and 2023, Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for disclosure related to the risks applicable to the Portfolio.

Cash deposits and investments are reflected on the June 30, 2024 and 2023 statements of net position as follows:

Investments		
Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - Restricted	\$ 355,571 650,137	\$ 159,083 750,719
Total cash deposits and investments	\$1,005,708	\$ 909,802

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, cash and investments in the amount of \$250,727 and \$250,601, respectively, representing unspent revenue bond proceeds, were restricted for future loan disbursements. Additionally, cash and investments in the amount of \$399,410 and \$500,118 representing various reserve accounts required by the revenue bonds, at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, were restricted for future loan disbursements and debt service.

WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans are made to qualified agencies for projects that meet the eligibility requirements of the Federal Clean Water Act of 1987 and any subsequent amendments. Loans are financed with capitalization grants, State match, local contributions, revenue bond proceeds and revolving loan funds. Interest rates vary between 0 percent and 4.0 percent and loans are repaid over 30 years or less starting one year after the project is completed. Interest rates are established in the original loan agreements and are generally 50 percent of the State's General Obligation Bond Rate at the time the loan agreement is prepared. Local match loans have an effective interest rate of 1.8 percent. Certain communities are offered special interest rates as low as 0.0 percent. Interest earned during the construction period is calculated from the date funds are disbursed until the project is completed.

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Fund had total binding commitments of \$14,690,707, and \$14,772,498, respectively, since program inception. As of June 30, 2024, the remaining commitment on these loans amounted to \$2,491,558, of which \$1,270,217 is federal funds. The federal loan commitments included capitalization funds of \$139,774, which will be forgiven. As of June 30, 2023, the remaining commitment on these loans amounted to \$3,424,804, of which \$258,455 is federal funds. The federal loan commitments included capitalization funds of \$167,777, which will be forgiven. Principal forgiveness loans are forgiven as disbursed but must be repaid if the recipient fails to meet the program requirements.

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the unpaid balance on all loans receivable outstanding amounted to \$5,917,799 and \$5,322,055, respectively.

June 30, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

Estimated maturities of the loans receivable and interest payments thereon, at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Inte		Principal			Total
2025	•	50.000	•	222.252	•	004.004
2025	\$	53,208	\$	238,653	\$	291,861
2026		51,412		233,472		284,884
2027		48,934		224,037		272,971
2028		46,537		222,872		269,409
2029		44,140		213,102		257,242
2030 - 2034		187,685		1,019,040		1,206,725
2035 - 2039		135,706		888,514		1,024,220
2040 - 2044		89,462		781,063		870,525
2045 - 2049		46,541		735,606		782,147
2050 - 2054		12,536		374,685		387,221
Total	\$	716,161		4,931,044	\$	5,647,205
Loans not yet in repayment		_		996,111		
Allowance for bad debt				(9,356)		
Total loans receivable			\$	5,917,799		

WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

Restricted Loans Receivable

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, \$5,032,706 and \$4,723,156, respectively, of loans receivable were pledged as security for the revenue bonds outstanding (see Note 5). The principal and interest received during the fiscal year from these loans is to be used to make the annual debt service payments on the revenue bonds. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the Fund received \$199,632 and \$36,052 of principal and interest, respectively, on these loans. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Fund received \$189,785 and \$29,661 of principal and interest, respectively, on these same loans. Any excess of the principal and interest received over the debt service payments required may be used for future loan disbursements and/or released from restriction upon approval by the Trustee in the event certain requirements are met.

Local Match Loans

The Fund has offered reduced interest rates on loans to recipients that have agreed to contribute funds that can be used to match federal contributions. In order to obtain one of these loans, the local agency contributes one-sixth or 16.7 percent of the total loan principal. The borrower then repays 100 percent of the loan principal including the contributed amount (see Note 6).

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Fund had authorized a total of \$1,744,882 and \$1,744,882, respectively, of local match loans. From these authorizations, certain borrowers elected to remit the State match at the time the loan was awarded in the amount of \$2,296 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. The remaining borrowers elected to repay the State match over a period of 20 or 30 years, in the amount of \$287,954 and \$287,767, as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, total local match loans outstanding, including the local match to be paid, amounted to \$218,469 and \$262,555, respectively. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the remaining State match to be repaid amounted to \$20,585 and \$24,681, respectively.

Loans to Major Local Agencies

The Fund has made loans to the following major local agencies. The aggregate outstanding loan balances for each of these agencies exceeds 5 percent of total loans receivable. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, the combined outstanding loan balances of these major local agencies represent approximately 23.83 and 24.11 percent of the total loans receivable.

June 30, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

	2024						
	Authorized	Outstanding					
Borrower	Loan Amount						
Sacramento Regional County Sanitation District San Francisco, PUC of the City and County of	\$ 1,006,300 567,277 \$ 1,573,577	\$ 956,282 453,779 \$ 1,410,061					
	20	23					
	Authorized	Outstanding					
Borrower	Loan Amount	Loan Balance					
Sacramento Regional County Sanitation District	\$ 1,303,400	\$ 851,113					
San Francisco, PUC of the City and County of	567,277	434,385					
	\$ 1,870,677	\$ 1,285,498					

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT

On March 13, 2024, the Fund issued \$272,950 of California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank, Clean Water State Revolving Fund Revenue bonds, Series 2024, dated February 1, 2024 with coupon rates of 4 to 5 percent at a yield of 3.05%. These serial bonds are due annually in varying amounts through 2048. The interest on the bonds is due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. The bonds maturing on or after October 1, 2034 are subject to redemption prior to their respective stated maturities at the option of the Fund on any date on or after October 1, 2033. The bonds were issued to provide funding for the issuance of additional revolving fund loans by the Fund.

On January 31, 2023, the Fund issued \$545,320 of California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank, Clean Water State Revolving Fund Revenue bonds, Series 2023, dated January 1, 2023 with coupon rates of 4 to 5 percent at a yield of 2.98%. These serial bonds are due annually in varying amounts through 2047. The interest on the bonds is due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. The bonds maturing on or after October 1, 2033 are subject to redemption prior to their respective stated maturities at the option of the Fund on any date on or after October 1, 2032. The bonds were issued to provide funding for the issuance of additional revolving fund loans by the Fund.

On March 8, 2018, the Fund issued \$449,225 of California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank, Clean Water State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds, Series 2018, dated

June 30, 2024 and 2023 (Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

February 1, 2018 with coupon rates of 5 percent at a yield of 2.57%. These serial bonds are due annually in varying amounts through 2048. The interest on the bonds is due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. The bonds maturing on or after October 1, 2028 are subject to redemption prior to their respective stated maturities at the option of the Fund on any date on or after April 1, 2028. The bonds were issued to provide funding for the issuance of additional revolving fund loans by the Fund.

On March 23, 2017, the Fund issued \$450,000 of California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank, Clean Water State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds, Series 2017, dated March 1, 2017 with coupon rates of 2 to 5 percent at a yield of 2.24%. These serial bonds are due annually in varying amounts through 2036. The interest on the bonds is due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. The bonds maturing on or after October 1, 2027 are subject to redemption prior to their respective stated maturities at the option of the Fund on any date on or after April 1, 2027. The bonds were issued to provide funding for the issuance of additional revolving fund loans by the Fund.

On April 28, 2016, the Fund issued \$410,735 of California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank, Clean Water State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, dated April 1, 2016 with coupon rates of 2.5 to 5 percent at a yield of 1.57%. These serial bonds are due annually in varying amounts through 2035. The interest on the bonds is due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. The bonds maturing on or after October 1, 2026 are subject to redemption prior to their respective stated maturities at the option of the Fund on any date on or after April 1, 2026. The bonds were issued to provide funding for the issuance of additional revolving fund loans by the Fund.

At issuance or when required, the Fund has pledged the necessary portion of outstanding loans as security for all outstanding bonds (see Note 4). The principal and interest received during the fiscal year from these loans is to be used to make annual debt service payments on the revenue bonds. Any excess of the principal and interest received over the debt service payments required may be used for future loan disbursements and/or released from restriction upon approval by the Trustee in the event that certain requirements are met.

On May 9, 2019, the California State Water Resources Control Board Safe Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) issued 2019 Revenue Bond Series in the amount of \$83,920 dated April 1, 2019, for the purpose of financing a portion of the DWSRF program to provide financial assistance to local governments for safe drinking water projects. The payments of principal, premium, if any, and interest on the Series 2019 Bonds are secured by payments made under the April 1, 2019 Amended and Restated Master Payment and Pledge Agreement. The master pledge agreement includes pledges for outstanding loans from both the CWSRF and DWSRF outstanding loans as security for the bonds. CWSRF would only be obligated in the event that DWSRF would not be able to make their bond payments.

June 30, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The Fund's long-term debt will mature as follows:

Series 2016

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2025	\$	29,295	\$	9,753	\$	39,048
2026		23,190		8,490		31,680
2027		21,515		7,382		28,897
2028		21,530		6,310		27,840
2029		21,965		5,222		27,187
2030-2034		73,465		13,530		86,995
2035-2039		20,000		1,000		21,000
	\$	210,960	\$	51,687	\$	262,647

Series 2017

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		h	nterest	Total		
2025	\$	41,100	\$	12,088	\$	53,188	
2026		27,395		10,381		37,776	
2027		25,145		9,073		34,218	
2028		28,425		7,737		36,162	
2029		26,130		6,373		32,503	
2030-2034		83,465		16,932		100,397	
2035-2039		30,935		2,490		33,425	
	\$	262,595	\$	65,074	\$	327,669	

Series 2018

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		 Total
2025	\$	18,335	\$	16,191	\$ 34,526
2026		26,775		15,063	41,838
2027		28,395		13,684	42,079
2028		25,040		12,348	37,388
2029		28,825		11,001	39,826
2030-2034		99,480		38,083	137,563
2035-2039		54,100		18,390	72,490
2040-2044		27,615		9,572	37,187
2045-2049		24,415		2,581	 26,996
	\$	332,980	\$	136,913	\$ 469,893

June 30, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Series 2023

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total
2025	\$	4,585	\$	23,889	\$ 28,474
2026		13,475		23,437	36,912
2027		14,145		22,747	36,892
2028		14,855		22,021	36,876
2029		15,595		21,260	36,855
2030-2034		90,485		93,482	183,967
2035-2039		115,240		68,352	183,592
2040-2044		141,740		41,658	183,398
2045-2049		135,200		11,081	146,281
	\$	545,320	\$	327,927	\$ 873,247

Series 2024

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		ı	nterest	Total		
2025	\$	3,330	\$	12,695	\$	16,025	
2026		6,215		11,848		18,063	
2027		6,530		11,529		18,059	
2028		6,855		11,195		18,050	
2029		7,195		10,843		18,038	
2030-2034		41,750		48,302		90,052	
2035-2039		53,295		36,478		89,773	
2040-2044		66,670		23,098		89,768	
2045-2049		81,110		8,365		89,475	
	\$	272,950	\$	174,353	\$	447,303	

Combined

Odinbilieu						
Year Ending June 30,	P	I	nterest	Total		
2025	\$	96,645	\$	74,616	\$	171,261
2026		97,050		69,219		166,269
2027		95,730		64,415		160,145
2028		96,705		59,611		156,316
2029		99,710		54,699		154,409
2030-2034		388,645		210,329		598,974
2035-2039		273,570		126,710		400,280
2040-2044		236,025		74,328		310,353
2045-2049		240,725		22,027		262,752
	\$	1,624,805	\$	755,954	\$	2,380,759

WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Balance

The detail of the Fund's long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, is as follows:

Balance

Due

	June 30, 2023	ls	suances	Ret	tirements	une 30, 2024	Within ne Year
Bond principal Bond premium	\$ 1,446,105 161,957 1,608,062	\$	272,950 28,594 301,544	\$	94,250 20,602 114,852	 1,624,805 169,949 1,794,754	\$ 96,645 20,191 116,836
	Balance June 30, 2022	_ls:	suances	Ref	tirements	Balance une 30, 2023	Due Within ne Year
Bond principal	\$ 993,605	\$	545,320	\$	92,820	\$ 1,446,105	\$ 94,250

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

The Fund is capitalized by annual grants from the EPA. The State must also contribute between 0 and 20 percent of the federal capitalization amount. The State's matching contribution has been provided through the appropriation of State resources as well as through the use of loans from the Water Reclamation program.

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the EPA has awarded to the State cumulative capitalization grants, including in-kind, of \$3,459,486 and \$3,405,837, respectively. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the State has drawn, cumulatively \$3,441,992 and \$3,178,114, respectively, for loans and administrative expenses. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the EPA has awarded cumulative BIL capitalization grants of \$276,365 and \$127,290, respectively. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the State has drawn, cumulatively \$109,571 and \$6,937, respectively, for loans and administrative expenses. The ARRA capitalization grant of \$280,285 was fully drawn as of June 30, 2014.

WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the State has provided matching funds of \$579,762 and \$423,270, respectively. As discussed in Note 4, certain borrowers have contributed funds that can be used to match federal contributions in exchange for reduced interest rate loans. The EPA allows the State to include amounts provided by borrowers under certain local matching loans in meeting the State's statutory matching obligation. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the borrowers had contributed \$290,250 and \$290,066 which qualifies as meeting the State's matching requirement, respectively.

Table 1 summarizes the EPA capitalization grants awarded, amounts drawn on each grant as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and balances available for future loans as of June 30, 2024.

	Loans
	ne 30, 2024
Teal Award 2022 2023 2024 2024 2	2024
1989-2019 \$ 3,094,726 \$ 3,094,726 \$ - \$ 3,094,726 \$ - \$ 3,094,726 \$	-
2020 113,653 45,845 34,931 80,776 32,877 113,653	-
2021 113,637 286 173 459 113,178 113,637	-
2022 82,753 - 1,085 1,085 80,365 81,450	1,303
2023 53,296 37,105 37,105	16,191
\$ 3,458,065 \$ 3,140,857 \$ 36,189 \$ 3,177,046 \$ 263,525 \$ 3,440,571 \$	17,494
In-kind (Direct Payment)	
Made by EPA 1,421 1,068 - 1,068 353 1,421	
\$ 3,459,486 \$ 3,141,925 \$ 36,189 \$ 3,178,114 \$ 263,878 \$ 3,441,992 \$	17,494
2022-BIL AE 127,290 - 6,937 6,937 101,441 108,378	18,912
	147,882
	184,288
2008-ARRA 280,285 280,285 - 280,285 - 280,285	
\$ 4,016,136 \$ 3,422,210 \$ 43,126 \$ 3,465,336 \$ 366,512 \$ 3,831,848 \$ 1	184,288

June 30, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED)

Table 2 summarizes the state match amounts paid by the state and local entities as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the state match required for capitalization grants awarded is \$719,534 and \$693,896, respectively. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the state match available for potential future state match is \$150,479 and \$19,440, respectively.

TABLE 2

	te Match Paid As of une 30, 2022	[Paid Paid During State Match Durin Year Paid Year Ended As of Ende June 30, June 30, June 3		State Match D Paid N As of E June 30, Ju		te Match Paid During Year Ended une 30, 2024	te Match Paid As of une 30, 2024
State Disbursed	\$ 404,631	\$	18,639	\$	423,270	\$	156,492	\$ 579,762
Local Disbursed	 289,499		567		290,066		184	 290,250
	\$ 694,130	\$	19,206	\$	713,336	\$	156,676	\$ 870,012

Restricted Funds

State matching funds for the 1993 capitalization grant and portions of the 1994 and 1995 capitalization grants were provided by the transfer of \$34,316 of outstanding loans and loan interest earned from California Water Reclamation Loan Fund. In 2006, an additional \$3,545 of outstanding loans and loan interest was transferred to the Fund for future match requirements. Repayments of these loans are restricted for future water reclamation loans that are eligible under the CWSRF program.

Administrative Fund

In January 2008, legislation in the State of California became effective which allows CWSRF to collect a service charge on loans which will be used for administrative costs. The fees collected and the expenses incurred are not included in the accompanying financial statements. Revenue collected and expenses incurred for the administrative fund are as follows:

	June 30, 2024			une 30, 2023
Administrative fee collected	\$	14,302	\$	15,021
Operating expenses incurred	\$	3,391	\$	8,980

WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED)

Small Community Grant Fund

In September 2008, legislation in the State of California became effective which allows CWSRF to collect an annual charge on loans which will be used to assist Small Disadvantaged Communities. The fees collected and the expenses incurred are not included in the accompanying financial statements. Revenue collected and expenses incurred for the grant fund are as follows:

	ne 30, 2024	June 30 2023		
Grant fee collected	\$ 9,526	\$	10,183	
Grants disbursed	\$ 3,293	\$	5,543	

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund participates in the State of California's Risk Management Program. The State has elected, with a few exceptions, to be self-insured against loss or liability. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. In addition, settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in the last three fiscal years. Refer to the State's Risk Management disclosure in the June 30, 2024 and 2023, Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports.

NOTE 8 - NET POSITION

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement provides for three components of net position: net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Fund had no net position invested in capital assets.

Restricted net position includes net position that is restricted for use, either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Fund had restricted net position of \$399,410 and \$500,118, respectively, representing amounts received from borrower loan repayments on pledged loans. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the security for revenue bonds was \$3,218,553 and \$3,097,871, respectively, representing loans receivable pledged as security for the revenue bonds less the revenue bond liability outstanding at year end. (see Note 5).

June 30, 2024 and 2023

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 8 - NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of invested in capital assets or restricted. Although the Fund reports unrestricted net position on the face of the statements of net position, unrestricted net position is to be used by the Fund for the payment of obligations incurred by the Fund in carrying out its statutory powers and duties and is to remain in the Fund.

This information is an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS

CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2024

Overten and Drawnan Title	Federal Assistance Listing	Federal	Outro dinionto
Grantor and Program Title	Number	Expenditures	Subrecipients
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			
Direct Programs:			
Capitalization Grants for State Revolving Funds			
Revolving Funds	66.458	\$ 27,166,668	\$ 27,166,668
		\$ 27,166,668	\$ 27,166,668

See notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Schedule) includes the grant activity as prescribed by Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA) assistance agreements of the California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund (Fund) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of 2 CFR Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are presented on the accrual basis of accounting and are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made, in the normal course of business, to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The Fund has elected not to use the ten percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 - LOANS TO SUBRECIPIENTS

The FFATA assistance agreements related to the Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Fund Assistance Listing number 66.458 include \$27,166,668 of expenditures that were disbursed as loan awards to qualifying subrecipients, which includes \$-0- of principal forgiveness loans.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors California State Water Resources Control Board Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund Sacramento, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of the California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund (Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund), an enterprise fund of the State of California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Bellevue, Washington December 20, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Directors California State Water Resources Control Board Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund Sacramento, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's (Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative* Requirements, *Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's
 compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other
 procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Bellevue, Washington December 20, 2024

CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2024

PART I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements						
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified				
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?			yes		no	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified no considered to be material weakness	nificant deficiency(ies) identified not onsidered to be material weaknesses?		yes	$\sqrt{}$	none reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			yes		no	
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major program:						
Material weakness(es) identified?			yes	$\sqrt{}$	no	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified no considered to be material weakness			yes	$\sqrt{}$	none reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on comp for major program:	liance	Unmo	dified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are rec to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	quired		yes		no	
Identification of major program:						
Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster					
66.458	Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish betv Type A and Type B programs:	veen	\$815,	000			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			yes		no	

PART II - FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

PART III - FINDINGS RELATED TO FEDERAL AWARDS

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2024

PART IV - PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no findings in the prior year that are required to be reported.

