



IN REPLY REFER TO: 2-720

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

REGIONAL OFFICE, REGION 2
P. O. BOX 25H
SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA 250H
(TOWN AND COUNTRY AREA)

MAR 1 9 1266

Colonel Robert E. Mathe
District Engineer
U. S. Army Engineer District, Sacramento
Corps of Engineers
P. O. Box 1739
Sacramento, California 95814

Dear Colonel Hatha:

For more than a year, your staff and mins, in cooperation with the U.S. Public Health Service and local interest, have been considering the need for and advisability of incorporating pater quality control late the New Helenes Project. This letter is to give you our views on this subject.

In our letter of September 1, 1964, which transmitted our hydraulic studies to the U. S. Public Health Service, copy of which was furnished to you. We said. "The Study shows the releases required from

In terms of water, incorporation of water quality will not effect the project's yield.

quality at Vernalis not to exceed sis. This appears to us to be a one which is practical of attainment thing in our subsequent studies or in port of the Health Service would lead

of the veter quality objectives described in the Health Service report would have upon the conservation and power accomplishments of the Unit. These effects are very small.

In terms of water, incorporation of water quality will not effect the project's yield. The New Melones Unit will increase the yield of the Central Valley Project by about 285,000 acre-feet annually, regardless of whether or not quality control is included. In terms of its effects on power, the addition of water quality control to the New Melones Unit as a project function will reduce the power accomplishments which could be derived without quality control. This reduction results from two principal affects. First, the change in water release patterns will decrease slightly the head on the New Melones Powerplant during the critical dry period. Second, there will be an increase in future Central Valley Project pumping requirements caused by the routing of the quality releases into the Delta. We estimate that the annual equivalent of the power benefits foregone as a result of these effects over your 100-year period of analysis would be about \$38,400 annually.

I recommend that the following water quality objectives be incorporated into the New Melones. Unit with the stipulation that, during its 50-year repayment period, these objectives will not require releases exceeding 70,000 acre-feet in any one year

"Mater Quality Control Study, cibes the need for and value as provided by the New Melones i 50-year repayment period much as 70,000 acre-feet or quality purposes in calcases.

needed both in the Stanislaus m of New Melones Reservoir m. This position is consistent

with the conclusion of the U.S. Public Health Service that "Water quality releases from New Melones storage project will contribute significantly to the solution of the overall pollution problem in the lower San Josquin River but should not be considered as a complete solution of this problem."

Accordingly, I recommend that the following water quality objectives be incorporated into the New Melones Unit with the stipulation that, during its 50-year repayment period, these objectives will not require releases exceeding 70,000 acre-feet in any one year as shown in the Public Health Service's report: (1) To limit the total dissolved solids in the flows of the San Joaquin River at Vernalis to 500 parts per willion on a mean monthly basis; and (2) To maintain a dissolved oxygen level of at least 5.0 milligrams per liter in the Stanislaus River.