10440 Ashford Street, Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91730-2799 P.O. Box 638, Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91729-0638 (909) 987-2591 Fax (909) 476-8032

Martin E. Zvirbulis Secretary / General Manager/CEO

April 13, 2015

Ms. Jessica Bean State Water Resources Control Board Post Office Box 100 Sacramento, CA 95812-0100

Sent via U.S. Mail and E-mail to: Jessica.Bean@waterboards.ca.gov

Subject: Concerns and Challenges with Proposed Regulatory Framework for Mandatory Conservation (as released April 7, 2015)

Dear Ms. Bean:

The purpose of this letter is to provide feedback regarding the Draft Regulatory Framework for Mandatory Conservation established by the State Water Resources Control Board (State Board) on April 7, 2015. We understand the water challenges that face our state and appreciate the various constraints under which the State Board is operating in order to comply with the Governor's Executive Order B-29-15. With that said, the current draft framework creates serious equity and feasibility issues that will result in unintended and unnecessary legal, economic, environmental and operational consequences. We are writing to offer reasonable solutions to these issues that would satisfy the intent of the Governor's Order and maintain equitable implementation among water purveyors.

The Cucamonga Valley Water District (CVWD) has been reshaping the water use patterns and practices of our customers through a variety of outreach efforts, education programs, rebates, water efficient landscape workshops, and other programs. Since last year the District has been operating under a Stage 2 Drought Alert. As a result of these efforts between the period of 2007 and 2013 CVWD customers have reduced their water use by nearly 18%. We will continue to work with customers implementing some of the new provisions included in the Governor's new order.

The conservation achieved by CVWD has occurred as a result of careful planning, investment into projects that diversify our water portfolio, development of local production supplies, and landscape transformation programs. In addition to the above mentioned projects, CVWD has been proactive and ahead of most of the state in other areas of conservation with the utilization of technology such as the installation of "smart" water meters which includes a sophisticated leak detection component.

To address the challenges that our region will face in implementation if the regulations are developed from the current framework as proposed, we respectfully and strongly suggest that the State Board consider the following:

- A more thoughtful approach to the implementation of the emergency drought regulations. Given time and consultation, the State Board would avoid the multitude of unintended legal, economic, environmental and operational consequences that will cascade from the current proposed framework. We would allow reasonable time for consultation with water managers and other stakeholders, who can help foresee full implications of various implementation pathways and head off unintended consequences.
- A no-more-than 25-percent reduction from all California water suppliers, as noted in the Governor's Executive Order. Any requirement above 25% mandated reduction creates disparate, negative impacts to disadvantaged communities through the inland valleys of California and other non-coastal communities.
- Using the existing 5-year base period thresholds established, adopted, and submitted to the State by water agencies in compliance with existing state law (SBx7-7), to account for climatological variations in water needs and pre-2013 conservation activities. Use of gallons per capita per day for a single snapshot in time is bad science, not a best management practice, and results in inequitable treatment and punishment of responsible stewards implementing pre-2013 conservation measures and in punishing customers who's water needs are greater due to living in a hotter, drier climate. In addition, the 5-year base period threshold data is readily available, and would alleviate some of the administrative burden on State Board staff.

In response to the information that was distributed to water agencies we have reviewed the data we provided to the State Board through our reporting. We are auditing our numbers and submitting information for your consideration. The reporting process deadline of the 15th of each month is problematic for our agency due to the fact that we have a bi-monthly billing system. Therefore our consumption data that we have provided is based on estimation rather than actual consumption data. Attached to this letter we have included our data from 2013 through 2014. If the current data collection method is continued we would request that our data be reconciled once all of our billing is accounted for the reporting month to ensure its accuracy.

No one is more committed to water reliability, safety and affordability than the Cucamonga Valley Water District. CVWD and our region have been extremely proactive in implementing demand management programs to exceed the SBx7-7 requirements. The State Board must recognize the effort and resources that have been expended to reduce demands prior to the Governor's declaration. As such, we respectfully urge strong consideration of our suggestions as we work together to address the challenges we face as a state.

Thank you for your consideration and for the open dialogue.

Sincerely,

Martin E. Zvirbulis General Manager/CEO

Attachment: CVWD 2013-2014 Consumption data

Cucamonga Valley Water District, Board of Directors cc:

City of Rancho Cucamonga

City of Fontana City of Ontario City of Upland

County of San Bernardino

Inland Empire Utilities Agency Association of California Water Agencies.

Urban Water Supplier Reporting Tool Data

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Water	
Systems:	
Monitoring	
Report	

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Email	Units	Optional - Recycled Water	Optional - Implementation	Optional - Enforcement Actions	GPCD)	Residential Gallons-per-Capita-Day (R-	Total Population Served	Qualification	Percentage Residential Use	Units	month as above)	2013 monthly production (for the same	losses	This year's monthly production minus water	Average system water losses	This year's monthly production	Total Monthly Potable Water Production	Days in each month	Reporting Month	Mandatory Restrictions	Stage Invoked	Urban Water Supplier
BradenY@CVWDwater.com, EduardoE@CVWDwater.com		IEUA recharg			127		203,149	The ratio of residential water use over total use is seasonal and varies by month. This data was based on consumption data gathered from water meter reads. The sample size was all accounts, therefore CVWD has a high confidence in the data. January 2014 through October 2014 residential ratio is based on actual data. November 2014 thru February 2015 residatial ratio is based on previous year. Population numbers are based on CVWD's 2010 Urban Water Management Plan and were interpolated by month. Water losses were assumed at 6% based on the 2010 UWMP and other actual data.	68.7%	ĄĘ	2,677.0		3,585.4		6.0%	3,815.5		3	Jan 2014			Cucamonga Valley Water District (719)
/WDwater.co		IEUA recharges groundwater with Recycled Water on behalf of CVWD. CVWD needs more time			107		203,231	esidential wat ample size wa ual data. Nov Management	66.8%	Ą	2,571.1		2,793.1		6.0%	2,972.3		28	Feb 2014			/alley Water
ım, EduardoE		iter with Recy			101		203,313	ter use over t s all account ember 2014 t	62.0%	Ą	3,622.9		3,157.8		6.0%	3,360.4		ಀ	Mar 2014			District (719)
@CVWDwa		cled Water c			133		203,395	otal use is se is, therefore (thru February e interpolate	60.4%	ĄF	4,263.8		4,128.6		6.0%	4,393.6		30	Apr 2014			
ter.com		n behalf of C			168		203,477	Pasonal and vasonal and vasonal and vasonal and vasonal and vasonal vasona	60.1%	ĄF	5,023.5		5,404.9		6.0%	5,751.7		<u>ع</u>	May 2014			
		:VWD. CVWI			169		203,559	varies by mor high confide hital ratio is ba	62.7%	ĄF	5,450.0		5,065.4		6.0%	5,390.5		30	Jun 2014	No	Stage 1	
		needs more			197		203,641	nth. This data nce in the da ased on prev s were assur	66.4%	ĄF	5,952.6		5,752.6		6.0%	6,121.8		34	Jul 2014	No	Stage 1	
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iii					73		204,051	ater meter ratio is 0's 2010 tual data.	67.4%	Ą	3,305.5		2,094.8		6.0%	2,229.2		<u>3</u>	Dec 2014	Yes	Stage 2	

4/13/2015

Urban Water Supplier Reporting Tool Data

Public Water Systems: Monitoring Report

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1 Urban Water Supplier									
2 Stage invoked	Stage 2	Stage 2							
3 Mandatory Restrictions	Yes	Yes							
4 Reporting Month	Jan 2015	Feb 2015 Mar 2015	15 Apr 2015 N	Apr 2015 May 2015 Jun 2015	015 Jul 2015 Aug	N 3	2015 Sep 2015 Oct 2015 Nov 2015 Dec 2015	ct 2015	~~ I
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5 Total Monthly Potable Water Production					i				
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Average system water losses	6.0%	6.0%							- 1
This year's monthly production minus water									
losses	2,724.7	2,599.6							
2013 monthly production (for the same								-	- 1
month as above)									
Units	ĄF	ΑF							
6 Percentage Residential Use	68.7%	66.8%							
Qualification	The ratio of re reads. The sa based on actu Urban Water	The ratio of residential water use over total use is seasonal and varies by month. This data was based on consumption data gathered from water mete reads. The sample size was all accounts, therefore CVWD has a high confidence in the data. January 2014 through October 2014 residential ratio is based on actual data. November 2014 thru February 2015 residatial ratio is based on previous year. Population numbers are based on CVWD's 2010 Urban Water Management Plan and were interpolated by month. Water losses were assumed at 6% based on the 2010 UWMP and other actual data	ver total use is seasounts, therefore C\ 014 thru February a d were interpolated	sonal and varies t VWD has a high c 2015 residatial rati I by month. Water	by month. This day confidence in the confidence	ta was based on data. January 20 evious year. Pop	based on consumption data gathered from water meter nuary 2014 through October 2014 residential ratio is ear. Population numbers are based on CVWD's 2010 6% based on the 2010 UWMP and other actual data.	n data gathe ctober 2014 ers are base	- X - 3
7 Total Population Served	204,133	204,215							
Residential Gallons-per-Capita-Day (R-									
8 GPCD)	96	99							
9 Optional - Enforcement Actions									
10 Optional - Implementation									
11 Optional - Recycled Water									
Units									
12 Email									