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	BEFORE THE CALIFORNIA
8	DEFORE THE CALIFORNIA
9	STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD
Λ.	In the Matter of Draft Cease and Desist LIMITED OBJECTION
.0	In the Matter of Draft Cease and Desist Order No. 2008-00XX-DWR Against LIMITED OBJECTION CALIFORNIA AMERI
1	California American Water Company CALIFORNIA SALMO

LIMITED OBJECTION BY CALIFORNIA AMERICAN WATER COMPANY TO THE REQUEST OF CALIFORNIA SALMON AND STEELHEAD ASSOCIATION TO PARTICIPATE TELEPHONICALLY

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Introduction

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that California American Water Company ("CAW") objects to the request of California Salmon and Steelhead Association ("CSSA") to participate by telephone in <u>all</u> aspects of this proceeding, including making opening and closing statements, motions, objections, examining witnesses, and cross-examining witnesses. That request presents a considerable demand, particularly given CSSA's limited interest in this proceeding. CSSA was not thrust into this proceeding; it voluntarily sought to intervene.

Allowing telephonic participation by CSSA invites logistical complications that create unique appeal risks. By dividing the proceeding so some participants are in one location, and other participants are in another location, the danger of procedural and transcription errors and omissions increases significantly. As an illustration, a reconsideration or appeal could lie from a claim of an unrecorded objection, even if none was ever made. For these and other reasons stated below, CSSA should not be allowed to participate in all aspects of this proceeding by telephone.

Notwithstanding, Mr. Baiocchi and the hearing officers indicated that CSSA might only seek to have Mr. Baiocchi testify and be available for cross-examination by telephone, and that CSSA

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would otherwise be represented by a person who would appear in person at the hearing. (See, respectively, March 19, 2008 Pre-Hearing Conference and the Hearing Officer's May 16, 2008 letter). If that more accurately reflects CSSA's request, then CAW might be willing to forego its current objections. However, before CAW is able to do that, it will be necessary for CAW to review Mr. Baiocchi's testimony.

A review is necessary to determine whether Mr. Baiocchi's testimony is necessary to the proceeding, would be duplicative of the testimony of the four other witnesses identified in CSSA's Notice of Intent to Appear ("NOI"), or could be presented by one of CSSA's other witnesses. Understanding the scope of Mr. Baiocchi's testimony would also allow CAW to determine the extent, it would be prejudiced, if at all, by not having the ability cross-examine and impeach the witness with the same efficacy as if he were testifying in person. In short, only a review of Mr. Baiocchi's testimony will allow CAW (and the State Water Board) to balance the extent of harm CAW, possibly others might, and the hearing process may suffer against the "indispensable" nature of Mr. Baiocchi's testimony. For these reasons, CAW respectfully reserves its right to object to the request for telephonic testimony, if that is the request CSSA is making, until after CSSA files Mr. Baiocchi's written testimony.

II. Background

On or about March 12, 2008, CSSA filed a NOI in this proceeding. The NOI identified five individuals whose testimony CSSA intends to introduce. (CSSA NOI, p. 1.) According to the NOI, the testimony will last a minimum of three hours on direct examination and will cover the following topics:

- Carmel River Steelhead Resources;
- California Steelhead Resources;
- Carmel River Steelhead Discovery;
- Carmel River Steelhead; and
- Carmel River Steelhead.
- (Ibid.) The NOI indicates that Mr. Baiocchi's testimony will address "Carmel River Steelhead Discovery." (*Ibid.*)

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The NOI declared CSSA's intention to participate in the proceeding telephonically and potentially through the presentation of live witnesses. (*Ibid.*) At the March 19, 2008, pre-hearing conference, Mr. Baiocchi appeared by telephone on behalf of CSSA. Mr. Baiocchi asked the hearing officers to consider allowing "disabled people to testify at the hearing without being present." (Exhibit CAW-018 (Certified Pre-hearing Conference Transcript ("Pre-hearing Transcript"), p. 31, ln. 22 to p. 32, ln. 7.) Thereafter, on May 16, 2008, the hearing officers issued a letter that indicated their tentative inclination to allow Mr. Baiocchi to testify via telephone. The hearing officers suggested, if there was objection to allowing telephonic testimony, a "deposition" could provide an alternate means for obtaining Mr. Baiocchi's testimony. But the full extent of CSSA's request was revealed a few days later when, on or around May 20, 2008, CSSA filed and served a response to the hearing officers' May 16 letter. In the May 20 letter, CSSA expressed its intention not only to have Mr. Baiocchi testify via telephone, but to have Mr. Baiocchi participate in all aspects of the proceeding by telephone, including making opening and closing statements, motions, objections and cross-examining witnesses. Such activities go far beyond the submissionof-testimony-by-telephone request that Mr. Baiocchi raised on behalf of CSSA at the March 19, 2008, pre-hearing conference and which the hearing officers' May 16 letter contemplated. This objection follows.

III. Legal Argument

Allowing telephonic participation for <u>all</u> aspects of the proceeding will undermine the fair and orderly nature required by the State Water Board's rules and procedures. (23 Cal. Code Regs. § 648 et seq.) CSSA's broad request to participate in the proceeding entirely by telephone is therefore anything but benign.

A. CSSA's Telephonic Participation in the Proceeding Cannot be Allowed Because of the Nature of the Proceeding and the Unique Appeal Risks.

In California civil proceedings, telephonic appearances are allowed only for "appropriate conferences, hearings, and proceedings." (Cal. Code Civ. Proc. § 367.5(a) (emphasis added); Cal.

¹ See sections III.A and III.C, infra., for concerns CAW has with participation by deposition.

Rules of Court, Rule 3.670(a) (emphasis added).) Absent a specific order to the contrary, "personal appearance is required . . . [at] trials and hearings at which witnesses are expected to testify." (Cal. 2 Rules of Court, Rule 3.670(d); see Cal. Code Civ. Proc. § 367.5(b).) These rules establish the 3 presumption and general principle in California that telephonic appearances are not allowed at 4 testimonial and evidentiary proceedings like the forthcoming one. CSSA was granted the 5 opportunity to participate in the proceeding, and it must therefore comply with the appearance rules 6 applicable to this proceeding.² 7 Furthermore, allowing participation in the core proceeding from a remote location sets the 8

proceeding up for unnecessary appellate issues. If a party participates telephonically, that necessarily means the record on the proceeding will be created from information from two wholly separate locations – the hearing officers, parties, other participants, and court reporter in one area, and the out-of-area participant in another. That arrangement creates opportunity for procedural and transcription errors and omissions that would not exist if everyone were in the same location. Opportunities to object could be missed. So, too, could the introduction or use of important evidence. A simple technical difficulty could beget a procedural nightmare. The reconsideration and court "appeal" risks are simply too high to permit CSSA's participation by telephone.

Assuming, Arguendo, that CSSA is Only Requesting Mr. Baiocchi Testify by Telephone, Fairness Requires that Telephonic Testimony be Contingent Upon the Necessity of the Testimony and Burden Testifying by Telephone Causes To Others.

In proceedings where witnesses are expected to testify and evidence is expected to be submitted – including State Water Board proceedings – parties are entitled to controvert the evidence offered against them. California Government Code section 11513, incorporated into the State Water Board's rules and regulations, provides that:

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² CSSA's reference to the Americans with Disabilities Act ("ADA") in support of its request is unavailing. Assuming Mr. Baiocchi's medical condition affords him protections under the ADA, that law does not require "modifications [that] would fundamentally alter the nature of [a public agency's] service, program, or activity" (United States Department of Justice, American with Disabilities Act: Title II Technical Assistance Manual, Sec. II-3.6100, available at http://www.ada.gov/taman2.html, as of May 21, 2008.) Instead, the ADA requires a public entity to "reasonably modify its policies, practices, or procedures to avoid discrimination." A public entity "must maintain in working order equipment and features of facilities that are required to provide ready access to individuals with disabilities." (Id. at Sec. II-3.10000.)

Baiocchi.

Each party shall have these rights: to call and examine witnesses, to introduce exhibits; to cross-examine opposing witnesses on any matter relevant to the issues even though that matter was not covered in the direct examination; to impeach any witness regardless of which party first called him or her to testify; and to rebut the evidence against him or her.

(Cal. Gov. Code § 11513(b); 23 Cal. Code Regs. § 648(b).) But allowing CSSA's witnesses to testify telephonically will deny CAW the ability to cross-examine the witnesses as if they were present at the hearing. For instance, CAW, the other party and participants, and the State Water Board could not ascertain whether CSSA's witnesses' testimony was theirs alone, which is something they would be able to determine in an open proceeding. Nor would CAW be able to use documentary evidence for effective cross-examination; CAW would not be able to direct the attention of CSSA's witness to specific evidence like it could if they were present, and CAW could not rely on any rebuttal or other evidence that CSSA's witnesses might not have at their immediate disposal. These are just a few scenarios that underscore a need to be able to confront adversaries in person. CAW will be stripped of rights under the State Water Board's rules and regulations if CSSA's witnesses are allowed to testify from afar. The extent of harm that CAW would suffer as a result of its loss of those rights cannot be determined until CSSA submits the testimony of Mr.

Likewise, the importance of Mr. Baiocchi's testimony cannot be determined until it is filed. CSSA's NOI indicates that Mr. Baiocchi is one of five individuals who will testify on one of two general subjects: California Steelhead and Carmel River Steelhead. At this point, CAW cannot determine if Mr. Baiocchi's testimony would be unique in any respect from the testimony of CSSA's other witnesses. In addition, CAW cannot determine if Mr. Baiocchi's testimony can be absorbed and presented by one of the other CSSA witnesses who presumably can travel to Sacramento to testify in person. Without being able to answer these questions, as well as others, the probative value of the testimony cannot be weighed against the loss of rights CAW would suffer by not having Mr. Baiocchi present for testimony or cross examination.

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C. There are Insufficient Details Regarding the Alternatively Proposed "Deposition" Process to Enable CAW to Assess and Comment on its Propriety.

Assuming it is necessary to the proceeding, the hearing officers' May 16 letter suggested a "deposition" could be used to obtain Mr. Baiocchi's testimony. It is uncertain, however, how a traditional deposition would achieve the same function as a State Water Board hearing, where the hearing officers and hearing team are among those who have the opportunity to question witnesses. It is equally uncertain when the proposed deposition would occur. Should it take place after the hearing has begun? Should it take place at CSSA's normal time to address the State Water Board? (23 Cal. Code Regs., § 648.5.) Should the deposition be allowed to take place before the hearing commences even if the deposition involves evidence that the State Water Board may later exclude?

Furthermore, whether the suggested deposition would lead to the establishment of a satellite proceeding where the parties, other participating entities, the hearing team, and the hearing officers are involved, or whether the intention is a traditional deposition, the costs to participate in the event could be substantial. As an example, according to mapping web sites, Graeagle, California, the mailing city for Mr. Baiocchi, is approximately 150 miles from downtown Sacramento, and would take nearly three hours to reach by car (six hours round trip). Who would bear the travel costs (no less the costs for the forum at which the deposition would occur, the reporter, etc.)? These questions have not yet been answered. (Even more have yet to be posed.) Ultimately, these presently unaddressed issues render CAW unable to acquiesce or object to the use of a deposition to obtain Mr. Baiocchi's testimony.

IV. Conclusion

CSSA is a voluntary participant in this proceeding and has control over who will represent its interests. It is wrong, therefore, for an organization in CSSA's position to require the proceeding be tailored around its specific needs, when the requested accommodations will prejudice the real parties to the proceeding. Remote participation in all aspects of the proceeding is fraught with risk. CAW is sympathetic to Mr. Baiocchi's medical condition, but CAW cannot be compelled to forfeit its rights. Accordingly, the hearing officers should refuse CSSA's request to participate in all aspects of this proceeding by telephone.

Further, if the hearing officers consider a more narrow request - whether Mr. Baiocchi could testify by telephone – for the reasons stated above, they should defer a decision until CSSA submits Mr. Baiocchi's written testimony. Information currently before the State Water Board fails to support a decision by the hearing officers to grant such a requested. If the hearing officers agree to defer a decision, CAW respectfully requests the opportunity to raise objections to the submitted testimony prior to a final ruling on the issue. Dated: May 23, 2008 Respectfully submitted, DIEPENBROCK HARRISON A Professional Corporation Aftorneys for California-American Water Company

PROOF OF SERVICE

1	I declare as follows:
2	I am over 18 years of age and not a party to the within action; my business address is 400
3	Capitol Mall, Suite 1800, Sacramento, California, I am employed in Sacramento County, California
4	On May 23, 2008, I served a copy of the foregoing document entitled LIMITED
5	OBJECTION BY CALIFORNIA AMERICAN WATER COMPANY TO THE REQUEST
6	OF CALIFORNIA SALMON AND STEELHEAD ASSOCIATION TO PARTICIPATE
7	TELEPHONICALLY on the following interested parties in the above-referenced case number to
8	the following:
9	See Attached Service List of Participants
10	[X] BY MAIL By following ordinary business practice, placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed
11	By following ordinary business practice, placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope, for collection and mailing with the United States Postal Service where it would be deposited for first class delivery, postage fully prepaid, in the United States Postal Service that same day in the ordinary course of business as indicated in the attached Service List of Participants and noted as "Service by Mail."
12	Service that same day in the ordinary course of business as indicated in the attached Service List of Participants and noted as "Service by Mail."
13	[X] ELECTRONIC MAIL I caused a true and correct scanned image (.PDF file) copy to be transmitted via the electronic mail transfer system in place at Diepenbrock Harrison, originating from the
14	electronic mail transfer system in place at Diepenbrock Harrison, originating from the undersigned at 400 Capitol Mall, Suite 1800, Sacramento, California, to the e-mail address(es) indicated in the attached Service List of Participants and noted by "Service by
15	Electronic Mail.".
16	BY FACSIMILE at a.m./p.m. to the fax number(s) listed above. The facsimile machine I used complied with California Rules of Court, rule 2003 and no error
17	was reported by the machine. Pursuant to California Rules of Court, rule 2006(d), I caused the machine to print a transmission record of the transmission, a copy of which is attached to this declaration.
18	A true and correct copy was also forwarded by regular U.S. Mail by following ordinary business practice, placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope, for collection and mailing with the United States Postal Service where it would be deposited
19	collection and mailing with the United States Postal Service where it would be deposited for first-class delivery, postage fully prepaid, in the United States Postal Service that same day in the ordinary course of business.
20 .	[] BY OVERNIGHT DELIVERY
21	[] Federal Express [] Golden State Overnight Depositing copies of the above documents in a box or other facility regularly maintained by Federal Express, or Golden State Overnight, in an envelope or package designated by Federal Express or Golden State Overnight with delivery fees paid or provided for.
22	Federal Express, or Golden State Overnight, in an envelope of package designated by Federal Express or Golden State Overnight with delivery fees paid or provided for.
23	[] PERSONAL SERVICE [] via process server
24	[] via hand by I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing
25	
26	is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on May 23, 2008, at Sacramento, California.
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28	Jolanthe V. Onishi

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HARRISON ATTORNEYS AT LAW

CALIFORNIA AMERICAN WATER CEASE AND DESIST ORDER 1 **JUNE 19, 2008 HEARING** SERVICE LIST OF PARTICIPANTS 2 3 Service by Electronic Mail: 4 State Water Resources Control Board -**Division of Ratepayer Advocates** Andrew Ulmer Reed Sato 5 Water Rights Prosecution Team Division of Ratepayer Advocates California Public Utilities Commission 1001 I Street 6 505 Van Ness Avenue Sacramento, CA 95814 (916) 341-5889 San Francisco, CA 94102 7 (415) 703-2056 rsato@waterboards.ca.gov eau@cpuc.ca.gov 8 **Public Trust Alliance** Sierra Club - Ventana Chapter Michael Warburton Laurens Silver Resource Renewal Institute 10 Room 290, Building D

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Service by Electronic-Mail (Cont.'): 1 2 California Salmon and Steelhead **Monterey County Hospitality Association** Bob McKenzie Association 3 P.O. Box 223542 Bob Baiocchi P.O. Box 1790 Carmel, CA 93922 4 Graeagle, CA 96103 (831) 626-8636 (530) 836-1115 info@mcha.net 5 bobmck@mbav.net rbaiocchi@gotsky.com 6 Planning and Conservation League City of Sand City Jonas Minton James G. Heisinger, Jr. 1107 9th Street, Suite 360 Heisinger, Buck & Morris 8 Sacramento, CA 95814 P.O. Box 5427 (916) 719-4049 Carmel, CA 93921 9 (831) 624-3891 iminton@pcl.org hbm@carmellaw.com 10 Monterey Peninsula Water Management 11 District David C. Laredo 12 De Lav & Laredo 606 Forest Avenue 13 Pacific Grove, CA 93950 (831) 646-1502 14 dave@laredolaw.net 15 16 Service By Mail: 17 City of Carmel-by-the-Sea Donald G. Freeman 18 P.O. Box CC Carmel-by-the-Sea, CA 93921 19 (831) 624-5339 ext. 11 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

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