

# AB 2121

## Framework for Joint Recommendations

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### Briefing for Tam Doduc

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# Form of Recommendations

## ■ Ground Rules

- Recommend flow elements only with inclusion of other elements
- Reserve right to disagree on topics not covered

## ■ Form:

- Principles for inclusion in policy
- Rationale and supporting analyses
- Recommendations for further study

## ■ Confidence Level:

- Framework is protective of fish and viable for water users
- Some numbers explicitly “discussion draft”
- Scheduling meetings with other stakeholders

# Scope of Policy Recommendations

- Flow recommendations
- Procedural reform / Water rights reengineering
  - Develop initial work plan (include all parties) after public notice
  - Written guidance on environmental studies: applicants may prepare draft CEQA/public trust document; meet/confer with parties on studies; guidance on appropriate study approaches, baseline, thresholds of significance
  - Mechanism to review staff decisions at key points of the permit process (consider designating one board member or rotation of members)
  - Application-related documents (work plan, WAA, studies) readily available to parties and public to improve transparency
  - MOU with DFG, Regional Boards on permit coordination (e.g., section 1600)
- Guidance for watershed approach
  - Recommendations on governance, development of performance measures and diversion management plan
  - Defines essential components but leaves flexibility for different solutions
- Incentives for stewardship
  - Promote shift of time and manner of diversion with net benefit to fish
  - Applicant credit for including other flow enhancement (barriers, other water rights)

# Scope of Policy Recommendations (2)

## ■ Monitoring/Reporting

- Electronic monitoring of diversions
- Standardized reporting (moving to electronic)
- Reservoir: withdrawals from reservoir, stage; if active also bypass; if diversion to offstream, then flow

## ■ Policy Effectiveness Review

- Regional monitoring, analysis, Policy Effectiveness Review necessary to flow and watershed approach elements
- Gauging (USGS preferred) on regional basis — *Who pay?*
- Rights holders = access and participation; Program staff = set-up and maintenance ?

## ■ Enforcement

- Bring water users into WR system (fix processing, use informal enforcement tools)
- Prioritize based on harm to species or senior right holders
- Direct formal enforcement (ACL, CDO, AG) to significant and measurable harm or those who refuse to come into the system

# Approach to Flow Recommendations

## ■ Areas of Special Focus:

- Small projects above UPA
- Cumulative impacts to salmonids ← *frogs + other species*

## ■ Approach:

- Define management objectives that can be evaluated using standard calculations, site-specific studies, watershed approach
- Cumulative effects not necessarily calculated at POD
- Bypass / Maximum Cumulative Diversion terms not necessarily pro-rated for all diverters

## ■ Three possible bypass outcomes:

- None, Winter Baseline (QWB), Salmon Spawning (QS)

# Flow Related Principles

## Questions:

1. Do we need to re-peer review if we recirculate SED?

- Defines Flow Thresholds for QS and QWB
  - QS = flow for salmon spawning
  - QWB = winter baseline flow for wetted riffle
  - Curves for standard terms (QS = Trush May 1, 2008, QWB = Feb. Median)
  - Includes guidance for site specific studies (TU/Trush preparing draft)
- Maximize "sweet spot" between QS and QWB
  - Preserve most flows lower than QWB (5% instantaneous reduction or functional equivalent)
  - Limit diversion between QWB and QS (10% instantaneous reduction)
  - Allow more diversion at flows above QS (20% instantaneous reduction)
  - (Number are TU/Trush discussion draft recommendation; W&B to evaluate)
- Framework protects winter flow needs and channel forming flows
  - Other policy elements (season of diversion, framework for onstream dams) help protect other life history stages and natural resource values

# Implementation Above UPA

## ■ Above UPA

- No Bypass if pass Cum. Effects Test (CET) and DA <64 acres (typically Class III)
- Bypass QWB if pass CET and DA >64 acres (typically Class II)
- If fail CET increase bypass above QWB as necessary to pass CET
- Active management allowed with monitoring / reporting

## ■ Form of CET

- Point of Evaluation = 1 square mile or site specific determination of UPA if necessary
- CET = Depletion not more than 5% average annual volume at PoE
  - (Flexible approximation of 5% rate reduction below QWB)
- Or: Depletion not more than 10% average annual volume at PoE if no bypass reservoirs collectively deplete 5% of the volume
  - (Flexible approximation of 5% rate reduction below QWB and 10% below QS)
- Or site-specific studies (evaluation criteria being developed)

# Implementation Below UPA

## Below UPA

- Establish and bypass QS
- Establish MCD term
  - Variable rate set at 20% of instantaneous flows
  - 20% of QS with intake set to avoid diversions below QS
  - (These examples implement 5/10/20% thresholds from above, which is under review)